

# MATH1022, INTRODUCTORY GROUP THEORY

## Question Sheet 3: Cyclic groups, isomorphism

To be handed in by Friday 2nd March

You may assume on this question sheet that any two cyclic groups of the same order are isomorphic.

Q1. Which of the following groups are cyclic?

(i)  $\mathbb{R}$  under  $+$ .

(ii) the set  $\{A^n : n \in \mathbb{Z}\}$  where  $A$  is an invertible  $n \times n$  matrix with real entries, under matrix multiplication.

(iii) The group of units of  $\mathbb{Z}_{12}$  (denoted  $\mathbb{Z}_{12}^*$ ), under multiplication mod 12.

(iv)  $\mathbb{Z}_{11}^* = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10\}$  under multiplication mod 11.

Q2. Show that the group  $D_4$  of symmetries of a square (see Question Sheet 1, Question 2) and the group  $\mathbb{Z}_{16}^*$  are non-isomorphic groups.

Q3. Show that  $\mathbb{Z}_{14}$  is isomorphic to  $\mathbb{Z}_2 \times \mathbb{Z}_7$ , but that  $\mathbb{Z}_{24}$  is not isomorphic to  $\mathbb{Z}_4 \times \mathbb{Z}_6$ .

Q4. Find which pairs of the following groups are isomorphic:

(i) the dihedral group  $D_3$  (symmetries of an equilateral triangle), under composition of functions,

(ii) the (complex) matrices  $\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$ ,  $\begin{pmatrix} \omega & 0 \\ 0 & \omega^2 \end{pmatrix}$ ,  $\begin{pmatrix} \omega^2 & 0 \\ 0 & \omega \end{pmatrix}$ ,  $\begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$ ,  $\begin{pmatrix} 0 & \omega^2 \\ \omega & 0 \end{pmatrix}$ ,  $\begin{pmatrix} 0 & \omega \\ \omega^2 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$ , where  $\omega^3 = 1$ ,  $\omega \neq 1$ , under matrix multiplication,

(iii)  $\{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6\}$  under  $\times \pmod{7}$ .

Q5. Let  $G$  be a cyclic group of order 8. Calculate the number of elements of  $G$  which are generators of  $G$ . Repeat the question for a cyclic group of order 9.

Q6. Prove that the set of all  $2 \times 2$  matrices of the form  $\begin{pmatrix} a & 0 \\ 0 & a \end{pmatrix}$  for  $a$  a non-zero real number, forms a subgroup of  $GL_2(\mathbb{R})$  isomorphic to the multiplicative group of non-zero reals.

Q7. Prove that the group of real numbers under addition is isomorphic to the group of positive real numbers under multiplication. (Hint; how can you change  $+$  into  $\times$ ?)

**MATH1022, INTRODUCTORY GROUP THEORY**  
**Tutorial Exercises 3: Cyclic groups, isomorphism**

**To be discussed in the tutorial in the week 26 February — 2 March**

You may assume on this tutorial sheet that any two cyclic groups of the same order are isomorphic.

T1. Which of the following groups are cyclic?

- (i)  $\mathbb{R}^* = \mathbb{R} \setminus \{0\}$  under  $\times$ .
- (ii) The set of functions from  $\mathbb{R}$  to  $\mathbb{R}$  of the form  $f(x) = x + a$  for some  $a \in \mathbb{Z}$ , under composition of functions.
- (iii)  $\{1, 2, 4, 7, 8, 11, 13, 14\}$  under multiplication mod 15.
- (iv)  $\{1, 3, 5, 9, 11, 13\}$  under multiplication mod 14.

T2. Let  $G_1$  be the group of all integers in  $\{1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13, 15\}$  under  $\times \bmod 16$ , and  $G_2$  be the group of all integers in  $\{1, 2, 4, 7, 8, 11, 13, 14\}$  under  $\times \bmod 15$ . Find the orders of  $G_1$  and  $G_2$ , and of all their elements. Are  $G_1, G_2$  abelian? Are they isomorphic? (If you think they are isomorphic, you should try to give a bijection from  $G_1$  onto  $G_2$  which is an isomorphism.)

T3. Show that  $\mathbb{Z}_{10}$  is isomorphic to  $\mathbb{Z}_2 \times \mathbb{Z}_5$ , but that  $\mathbb{Z}_8$  is not isomorphic to  $\mathbb{Z}_2 \times \mathbb{Z}_4$ .

T4. Find which pairs of the following groups are isomorphic:

- (i) the dihedral group  $D_6$  (symmetries of a regular hexagon),
- (ii)  $\mathbb{Z}_6$  under  $+$  mod 6,
- (iii)  $\mathbb{Z}_{12}$  under  $+$  mod 12,
- (iv) the group of rotations of a regular hexagon,
- (v) the group of rotations of a regular tetrahedron.

T5. Let  $G$  be a cyclic group of order 7. Calculate the number of elements of  $G$  which are generators of  $G$ . Repeat the question for a cyclic group of order 10. (Note that by the assumption at the start of this question sheet, it is enough to do this question for the groups  $\mathbb{Z}_7$  under addition mod 7 and  $\mathbb{Z}_{10}$  under addition mod 10 respectively.)

T6. Prove that the set of all  $2 \times 2$  matrices of the form  $\begin{pmatrix} 1 & a \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$  for  $a$  a real number, forms a subgroup of  $GL_2(\mathbb{R})$  isomorphic to the additive group of reals.

T7. Let  $G$  be the group of real numbers under addition, and let  $H$  be the group of all non-zero real numbers under  $\times$ . Show that  $H$  has an element of order 2, but that  $G$  does not, and deduce that  $G$  and  $H$  are not isomorphic.